Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2010/10/20 : CIA-RDP96R01136R002605290031-2 STAT The 80,000 Soviet troops in Afghanistan are therefore not enough 25X1 to carry out the essential security duties and to seal the borders with 25X1 Iran and Pakistan, in addition to INSURGENCY their likely main mission, which is SITUATION (4 JUL) to destroy the rebels. The USSR's President 25X1 Estimates of rebel forces Brezhnev, in announcing the limited range between 50,000 and 100,000, and withdrawal of Soviet troops from 25X1 there are many more who just go out on Afghanistan, stated that 'Afghanistan raids for a night or so before returning was gradually returning to normal with home. Reports state that up to 95 the route of large gangs of counterpercent of the people support the revolutionaries'. President rebels. Brezhnev's optimistic picture of the war, however, bears no resemblance Rebels are reported to be 25X1 to Western diplomatic and other receiving military aid from foreign reports from Kabul. In contrast, the This aid ranges from smallsources. insurgency in Afghanistan, which has arms weapons of British, Chinese, gained strength in the past few months, Egyptian, and US origin to SAM-7 of continues throughout most of the unknown origin. This support, and country. increasing Afghan resentment to the Soviet occupation, has provided a In late May a US press 25X1 base for the more widespread and report stated that Afghan government active rebel insurgency of recent and Soviet forces were in substantial months. control of only 8 of the 28 provinces. In the remaining provinces only the In contrast, the Afghan 25X1 8. provincial capitals and one or two Army has been reduced from 90,000 in major towns were under government December 1979 to between 30,000 and control, whereas in the country-side 40,000 - about 15,000 of whom are the rebels were dominant. Later combat-effective. The rest have reports have confirmed that insurgency deserted and either joined the rebels is widespread; more recent reports or handed their weapons over to them. indicate that the increase in urban Although the desertions of large units unrest and insurgency is a major early this year have generally ceased, problem to the Afghan Government. in late May a brigade of Afghan Government troops mutinied in the The increasing unrest in 25X1 provincial capital of Bamian. It is the major cities has tied down large not clear whether the action was numbers of pro-government forces and successful, but it illustrates the has reduced the number available for problem the Afghan Government is deployment elsewhere. This was having regarding morale in its illustrated in June by the requirement depleted armed forces. Soviet troops to enforce martial law in Kabul, Herat, accompany Afghan government forces Qandahar, and Farah for varying whenever they deploy on operations. periods. It will probably be a long time before the Afghan Army can be given any Also, there are continuing 25X1 important responsibility and can be reports of rebel attacks and ambushes expected to effectively counter the along the main highways and roads. rebel threat. Rebels are attacking protected and unprotected convoys. Many recent The insurgency within 25X1 reports indicate that travel in Afghanistan has increased in recent Afghanistan is being delayed because months and, in contrast to President of acts of sabotage to the main routes Brezhnev's statement, it will be a long time before the Soviet Government or because rebel activity had forced convoys to wait for protection from will be able to withdraw its troops pro-government forces. This is leaving a friendly government and reflected by the statement in a people on the border. recent press release that at least 65,000 troops are needed just to protect the ring of communications from Termez to Kushka (see Map). We consider that 65,000 is not an exaggerated figure.

